"Finding Hope on the Horizon"

Suicide Intervention Training: A Brief Overview

Suicide is less about death.....

and more about....

wanting the pain to end,
spirit sickness,
a coping strategy,
&

communication.

BC's First Nations youth....

50+% communities have not experienced a youth suicide in 15 yrs.

90% youth suicides occurred in 10% of First Nation communities

Cultural Continuity: Land claims, self-government, education, police, fire, health services, cultural facilities

* Chandler & Lalonde, 2004

Warning Signs

are the things you see, or hear, that cause you to wonder if the person is considering suicide.

Triggers

are stressful events that occur,

or

that a person fears will occur; that result in thoughts of suicide.

These stressful events increase feelings of loss, aloneness, helplessness, & hopelessness.

Asking about Suicide

Recommended Script

"I have noticed (warning signs) and I know (trigger).

Sometimes when people (brief repeat of warning signs) and they have (brief repeat of trigger) they think about suicide.

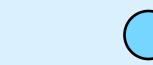
I am wondering if you are thinking about killing yourself?"

Listening

Increases hope!

Protective Factors: what

what keeps the person alive







Risk
Factors:
why the
person
wants to
die

Ambivalence: wanting to die & to live

Risk Factors (examples)

Protective Factors (examples)

- Prior suicidal behavior
- Suicide of close family member/friend
- Personal/family history of substance abuse or mental health concerns
- Depression; anxiety; PTSD; insomnia
- Severe interpersonal conflict
- Family and/or community connection
- Cultural & spiritual awareness/ connection
- Success
- Positive belief about self
- Skills & Talents
- Opportunities home, school & community

Risk Assessment

- Thoughts only?
- A plan OR date?
- A plan AND date?
- An immediate plan AND date?
- Prior attempts

Estimating Risk

Low Risk

Thoughts or wishes only

Medium Risk

A plan OR a date

High Risk

A plan AND a date

mminent Risk An immediate plan AND date

Safety Planning

Safe Plan - Written

- 1. Distraction techniques (i.e. physical activity, carving, music, drawing)
- 2. Friends/supportive adults
- 3. Safe place to go
- 4. Community Resources/ Professional numbers
- 5. 24 hour and emergency numbers

24 Hour Information

- Suicide Hotline (24 hrs) 1-800-784-2433
- Native Youth Crisis Hotline 1-877-209-1266
- Kids Help Phone (24 hrs) 1-800-668-6868
- Websites for Youth:
 - www.youthinbc.ca
 - www.kidshelpphone.ca
- Websites for Caregivers:
 - ww3.suicideinfo.ca/youthatrisk/
 - www.teenmentalhealth.org

Program Expectations

Self Care

Create your own Safety Plan

Distractions Friends/Supportive Adults Safe Place **Professionals Emergency Contacts**

References & Reading

References & Helpful Information

- "Cultural Continuity as a Hedge Against Suicide in Canada's First Nations" (Chandler & Lalonde) web.unvic.ca
- "Darkness Calls" Healthy Aboriginal Network. <u>www.ccamhr.ca/resources/</u> <u>Darkness Calls.pdf</u>
- Improving the mental health of youth by the effective translation & transfer of scientific knowledge <u>www.teenmentalhealth.org</u>

References & Helpful Information Cont'd

- "Looking for Something to Look Forward to."
 BC Coroners Service. Child Death Review.
 www.gov.bc.ca
- "Standards for the Assessment of Suicide" National Suicide Prevention Lifeline's Certification and Training Subcommittee (Some terms accredited to Rudd & Joiner)
 *Added by presenter to model.

Recommended Reading

- Blauner, Susan Rose. How I Stayed Alive when My Brain was Trying to Kill Me: One Person's Guide to Suicide Prevention. Harper Collins Publishers, 2002.
- Lukas, Christopher & Henry Seiden. Silent Grief: Living in the Wake of Suicide. Jessica Kingsley Publishers. Rev. Ed. 2007
- Tattered Teddies: An Interactive Handbook about the Awareness and Prevention of Suicide in Children. Centre for Suicide

Prevention, 2008

Judy North, MA

"Finding Hope in Times of Crisis"

J.NorthConsulting@gmail.com

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